7.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.—Normal functioning in all the dispensaries in single shift and multi-shift dispensaries.

1.30 p.m. to 7.30 p.m.—Limited services in multi-shift dispensaries.

7.30 p.m. to 7.30 a.m.—Emergency services in all multi-shift dispensaries.

7.30 a.m. to 7.30 p.m.—Examination of patients and issue of medicines in double shift dispensaries which arc available in CGHS Delhi only and with shift duty of six hours each.

Collection of local purchase prescription and issue of local purchase medicines in most of the CGHS dispensaries is from 7.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.

(c) Information in respect of CGHS Delhi is available at Anncxurc metioned at part (a) above.

Information in respect of CGHS Delhi is available at Anncxurc. *[See* Appendix 195, Annexure No. 20]

(d) and (e) There are 10 double-shift dispensaries functioning under CGHS Delhi which provide treatment facilities from 7.30 a.m. to 7.30 p.m. with six hours in each shift. Due to constraints of manpower and resources, it will not be possible to convert more CGHS dispensaries into double-shift dispensaries.

Rise in HIV cases among migrant youth

1496. SHRIMATI SARLA MAHESHWARI: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the news-item captioned, "AIDS spurt in Orissa district raises alarm", which appeared in the Indian Express, dated the 15th January, 2002;

(b) whether it is a fact that the HIV-positive cases are on the rise, particularly among the migrant youth;

(c) whether any law has been enacted to make blood tests for migrant labourers and other susceptible group compulsory;

(d) if so, the reaction of Government and the details thereof;

(e) whether any programme has been launched for increasing the awareness about AIDS among these people; and

(f) if so, the results thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI A. RAJA): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) No, Sir. However, migrant workers are more vulnerable to HIV infection.

(c) No, Sir.

(d) Does not arise.

(e) Various programmes are in operation to increase the level of awareness about HIV/AIDS among the people including migrant labourers. These include—

- Family Health Awareness Campaigns in rural & urban slum areas.
- Mass Media Compaigns through radio, television and print media.
- Targetted intervention programmes for high risk groups including migrant workers.

(f) There is no specific data available for migrant labourers. However, nation-wide Behavioural Surveillance Survey conducted by Government in year 2001 revealed that 71.7-99% of the general population in urban areas and 45.4%-98.9% population in rural areas are aware about HIV/AIDS. The figures for Orissa are—86.5% people in urban areas and 64.1% people in rural areas.